| Cooperative Mobility for Competitive Megaregions | UTC Project Information – Cooperative Mobility for Competitive Megaregions (CM²) |
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| Project Title | An Alternative Approach to Analyzing Demand Potential for Travel by High Speed Rail in the Texas Triangle |
| University | University of Texas at Austin |
| Principal Investigator | Ming Zhang |
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| Funding Source(s) and Amounts Provided (by each agency or organization) | U.S. Department of Transportation: \$81,971.10 University of Texas Austin: \$3,668 |
| Total Project Cost | \$85,639.10 |
| Agency ID or Contract Number | UTDOT Grant number: 69A3551747135 |
| Start and End Dates | 9/1/2018 – 12/31/2019 |
| Brief Description of Research Project | Existing studies on high-speed rail (HSR) demand analysis in the United States mostly rely on the conventional procedure of four-step travel demand modeling with data assembled from constituent MPOs along the proposed HSR routes. The proposed project explores an alternative approach to analyzing aggregate mobility demand for high-speed travel in the Texas Triangle megaregion, simulating shares of HSR modes under different transportation policy assumptions, and drawing implications for long term strategic infrastructure investments in the Texas Triangle. |
| Describe Implementation of Research Outcomes (or why not implemented) | A paper titled "How does city-cluster high-speed rail facilitate regional integration? Evidence from the Shanghai-Nanjing corridor" was published in Cities, Volume 85. |
| Impacts/Benefits of Implementation (actual, not anticipated) | The findings from the paper have implications for regional planning policies on C-HSR station set up and operation schemes and land use. |
| Web Links (to reports, project website, etc.) | https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S02642751183051 58 |