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# Monolithic Integration of Quantum Cascade Structures

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## INTRODUCTION

- Quantum Cascade Lasers (QCLs) are the stand-out mid-infrared light source due to:
  - Compactness
  - Widely tailorable emission characteristics
  - Room temperature operation
  - High brightness
- Quantum Cascade Detectors (QCDs) can be fabricated from the same epitaxial structure as QCLs
- Monolithic integration of QCLs/QCDs on an InP-based waveguiding platform affords:
  - High optical coupling efficiencies
  - Small area detector for noise suppression
  - Long detector path length for increased quantum efficiency
  - Robustness
  - Portability

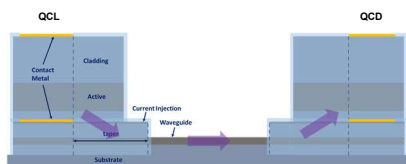


Figure 1 Monolithically integrated QCL, passive waveguide, QCD.

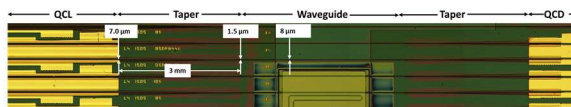


Figure 2 Fabricated QCL/QCD chip.

## FABRICATION PROCESS

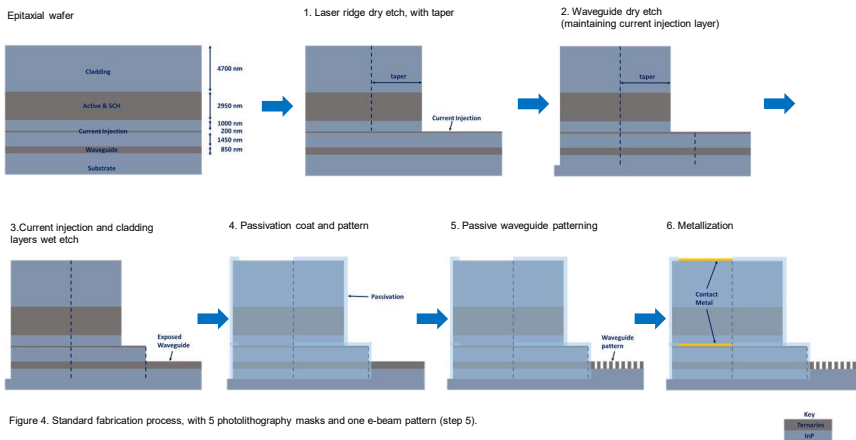


Figure 4. Standard fabrication process, with 5 photolithography masks and one e-beam pattern (step 5).

## SIMULATION

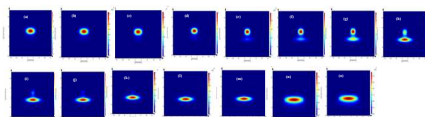


Figure 3. Evolution of fundamental TM mode from QCL active region to passive waveguide

## APPLICATION

- Portable trace gas sensor, based on:
- Subwavelength patterning, or
  - Photonic crystal
  - Waveguide suspension

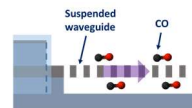


Figure 5. Passive region patterned with a suspended subwavelength structure for trace gas sensing

## UPCOMING WORK

- Device evaluation of:
- Lasing
  - Coupling
  - Detection

## REFERENCES

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